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short durations at infrequent intervals. A request for such a determination shall be made before the flight takes place.

- (b) Exemptions for very low production engine models. The emissions standards of this part do not apply to engines of very low production after the date of applicability. For the purpose of this part, "very low production" is limited to a maximum total production for United States civil aviation applications of no more than 200 units covered by the same type certificate after January 1, 1984. Engines manufactured under this provision must be reported to the FAA by serial number on or before the date of manufacture and exemptions granted under this provision are not transferable to any other en-
- (c) Exemptions for new engines in other categories. The emissions standards of this part do not apply to engines for which the Administrator determines, with the concurrence of the Administrator of the EPA, that application of any standard under §34.21 is not justified, based upon consideration of—
- (1) Adverse economic impact on the manufacturer:
- (2) Adverse economic impact on the aircraft and airline industries at large;
- (3) Equity in administering the standards among all economically competing parties;
- (4) Public health and welfare effects; and
- (5) Other factors which the Administrator, after consultation with the Administrator of the EPA, may deem relevant to the case in question.
- (d) Time-limited exemptions for in-use engines. The emissions standards of this part do not apply to aircraft or aircraft engines for time periods which the Administrator determines, with the concurrence of the Administrator of the EPA, that any applicable standard under §34.11(a), or §34.31(a), should not be applied based upon consideration of—
- (1) Documentation demonstrating that all good faith efforts to achieve compliance with such standard have been made:
- (2) Documentation demonstrating that the inability to comply with such standard is due to circumstances be-

yond the control of the owner or operator of the aircraft; and

- (3) A plan in which the owner or operator of the aircraft shows that he will achieve compliance in the shortest time which is feasible.
- (e) Applications for exemption from this part shall be submitted in duplicate to the Administrator in accordance with the procedures established by the Administrator in part 11.
- (f) The Administrator shall publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER the name of the organization to whom exemptions are granted and the period of such exemptions.
- (g) No state or political subdivision thereof may attempt to enforce a standard respecting emissions from an aircraft or engine has been exempted from such standard under this part.

Subpart B—Engine Fuel Venting Emissions (New and In-Use Aircraft Gas Turbine Engines)

§ 34.10 Applicability.

- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to all new aircraft gas turbine engines of classes T3, T8, TSS, and TF equal to or greater than 36 kilonewtons (8090 pounds) rated output, manufactured on or after January 1, 1974, and to all in-use aircraft gas turbine engines of classes T3, T8, TSS, and TF equal to or greater than 36 kilonewtons (8090 pounds) rated output manufactured after February 1, 1974.
- (b) The provisions of this subpart are also applicable to all new aircraft gas turbine engines of class TF less than 36 kilonewtons (8090 pounds) rated output and class TP manufactured on or after January 1, 1975, and to all in-use aircraft gas turbine engines of class TF less than 36 kilonewtons (8090 pounds) rated output and class TP manufactured after January 1, 1975.

§ 34.11 Standard for fuel venting emissions.

(a) No fuel venting emissions shall be discharged into the atmosphere from any new or in-use aircraft gas turbine engine subject to the subpart. This paragraph is directed at the elimination of intentional discharge to the atmosphere of fuel drained from fuel